MARKETWATCH Equities

Myths, margins and growth

P = primary; S = secondary; IPO = initial public offering; D = demerger.

conomic releases gained a heightened importance in the second quarter as the market tried to gauge the risk of over-heating and monetary tightening. By the end of June, however, a soft landing became an increasing reality. This belief in a US – and thus global – soft landing has started to shake the market from its recent torpor.

Stagnation

The stagnation of equity markets in part resulted from a three-month rotation from TMT-inspired growth stocks to more value-based investment styles. This process came to a halt in June. The net result was to leave the market without any clear direction. But a soft-land-

ing scenario will mean that once again a growth bias will be key.

Cyclical and commodity effects are currently at their peak in the US, Europe and the UK – yet, looking forward, only a series of mini-cycles and around-trend growth is in prospect for 2000 and 2001.

This apparently benign environment however disguises a more brutal reality – in an extended growth phase, the structural forces of globalisation, price-awareness and technology will come to dominate and they will be largely negative.

Increasing dispersion

Consensus analysts expect companies to extract a growing level of profitability

out of the GDP cycle but much of the recent developments (such as B2B and pricing pressures) argue that margin will not prove to be pro-cyclical. In fact at a micro level, the dispersion of profit margins is set to increase.

The dispersion of profit margins habeen rising in the UK for the last 25 years. This secular trend has beer interrupted by cyclical forces but what is clear is that a significant demand shock is needed to reverse the process Furthermore this dispersion has no been driven by the margins of the top decile of companies but the collapse of those in the bottom decile. The ability to use pricing or the cycle to reflate margins is being constrained by the macro environment.

Traditional defensives will succumb to the pricing pressures too. The bes protection will come from stocks with stable margins but high volume growth Behind the sidewards volatility in the market, a growth bias will be key.

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Issuer	Amount raised (m)	Type of issue	No shares (m)	Offer price	Pricing date	Exchange listing	Fees (%)	Bookrunner
Claims Direct	GBP108	IPO	60	GBP1.8		LSE		Investec Henderson Crosthwaite (a)
Comment: Claims direct	personal injur	y speciali:	st. (a) Sole	adviser.				Crostiwane (a)
Deutsche Telekom	EUR13,300	S	200	(a)	17 Jun/00	New York Tokyo Frankfurt		Deutsche Bank(b) Dresdner Kleinwort Benson(b Goldman Sachs(b)
Comment: German telec	communication	s compan	y. (a) EUR6	66.50 institu	tions; EUR63.	50 retail. (b)	Global	co-ordinators.
Granada Media Comment: Media group.	GBP1,545 . (a) Global co	IPO o-ordinato	300 rs. (b) Co-l	GBP5.15 lead manag	ers.	LSE		ABN AMRO Rothschild(a) CSFB(a) Lazard(a) Deutsche Bank(b) Schroder Salomon Smith Barney (b)
Robert Walters	GBP135	IPO	79.9	GBP1.70(a	a) 5 Jul/00	LSE	4	CSFB(b) CSF Charterhouse(c) West LB Panmure(c)
Comment: Recruitment c	consultancy. (a)) Excludin	g the greer	nshoe (b) GI	obal co-ordin	ator. (c) Co-le	ad mar	nagers.
Telework Comment: Milton Keynes	GBP90.53 s-based softwa	IPO are compa	62.4 any. (a) Glo		27 Jul/00 nators.	LSE		Dresdner Kleinwort Benson (a
Turbo Genset Comment: Ofex-listed hi	GBP53.6 igh-tech engine	P, S (a) eering cor	4.1 mpany. (a)	GBP13 Placing. (b)	4 Jul/00 Average 2.2%	LSE % fee.	(b)	WestLB Panmure